

CLAIMS

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1 1. A fiber optic connector system for connecting at least one optical fiber cable
2 mounted near the edge of a planar substrate through a backplane, each optical
3 fiber cable including a plurality of optical fibers and a terminating ferrule, the
4 longitudinal orientation of the optical fibers within the terminating ferrule
5 defining a longitudinal axis and a forward direction, the ferrule having a first
6 longitudinal range of motion x_1 and a ferrule spring element having a longitudinal
7 ferrule spring force f_n , the optical connector system comprising:
8 a substrate housing assembly mounted on the planar substrate including at
9 least one ferrule receiving cavity for receiving the optical fiber
10 ferrule;
11 a substrate housing assembly spring, the substrate housing assembly
12 having a second longitudinal range of motion, the housing
13 assembly spring controlling movement of the housing assembly
14 along the second longitudinal range of motion and having a
15 longitudinal housing spring force h , wherein

$$h = \sum_{i=1}^n f_i$$

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2 2. The connector system of claim 1, wherein the housing assembly spring comprises
3 a first and a second laterally spaced suspension spring members, the first and
4 second suspension spring members allowing a range of angular movement of the
5 housing assembly with respect to the planar substrate.

a plurality of individual housing spring members, wherein the summation of the

4 longitudinal spring forces of the individual housing spring members is greater
5 than the summation of the longitudinal spring forces of the ferrule spring
6 members.

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2 4. A fiber optic connector system for connecting at least one optical fiber cable
3 mounted near the edge of a planar substrate to a backplane member having a first
4 surface and a second surface, the longitudinal orientation of the optical fibers
5 defining a longitudinal axis, the optical connector system comprising:

6 a backplane housing assembly defining at least one longitudinal receiving
7 cavity, the receiving cavity having a frontal opening along the first
8 surface of the backplane member and a rear opening along the
9 second surface of the backplane member;

10 a frontal door covering the frontal opening and a rear door covering the
11 rear opening.

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2 5. A bend radius control member for controlling the bend radius of an optical fiber
3 cable comprising a deformation resistant heat-shrunk outer jacket wrapped around
4 the optical fiber cable, wherein the heat-shrunk outer jacket has a desired bend
5 radius curvature.

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2 6. A method for controlling the bend radius of at least a portion of an optical fiber
3 cable having at least one optical fiber, the method comprising the steps of:

- 4 a. providing a jacket of a heat shrinkable-material;
5 b. placing the jacket around the portion of the optical fiber cable;
6 c. bending the optical fiber cable at a desired bend angle; and
7 d. shrinking the jacket around the optical fiber cable by the application of heat.

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5 7. A fiber optic connector system for connecting at least one optical fiber cable

longitudinal orientation of the optical fibers within the terminating ferrule defining a longitudinal axis and a forward direction, the ferrule having a first longitudinal range of motion x_1 and a ferrule spring element having a longitudinal ferrule spring force f_n , the optical connector system comprising:

a substrate housing assembly mounted on the planar substrate including at least one ferrule receiving cavity for receiving the optical fiber ferrule;

a substrate housing assembly spring, the substrate housing assembly having a second longitudinal range of motion, the housing assembly spring controlling movement of the housing assembly along the second longitudinal range of motion and having a longitudinal housing spring force h , wherein

$$h > \sum_1^n f_n ;$$

a backplane housing assembly defining at least one longitudinal receiving cavity, the receiving cavity having a frontal opening along the first surface of the backplane member and a rear opening along the second surface of the backplane member;

a frontal door covering the frontal opening and a rear door covering the rear opening.